3: Anonymous U-4 (no date) 1920 RH1 Caucasia RH1

504 Bailov, and on the east by the Kargin Islands, which lie at the entrance to the bay, 7 miles out at sea. A line of quays extends 4 miles, and there are 14 piers, owned by various shipping companies, each company having its own wharf, warehouses, and offices. In [655] 1914 the State assigned £100,000 for the building of other wharves, although there was already ample accommodation for the steamers engaged in oil transport and in the Transcaspian trade. At Cape Bailov there is a capacious dock.

Derbent (Derbend), 154 miles to the north-west of Baku, is an open roadstead, affording no protection from the north and south-east winds, which blow with great violence at certain seasons. There are no harbour facilities, but various shipping lines visit the port regularly. There is a considerable local trade in fish.

Lenkoran, on a shallow bay, offers only exposed and indifferent anchorage. Large ships lie 3 miles out to sea. There is a considerable trade in boxwood.

Petrovsk, 81 miles north-west of Derbent, has a fair harbour, formed by a curved stone mole, 500 yds. long, on the south. There is a wooden pier on the north, and both mole and pier are connected by lines of rails with the railway station. There are berths for about 10 steamers. The quays and wharves are lit with electric light. The port is closed by ice in January only, and in the winter months, when the Volga is [489] frozen, Petrovsk does a considerable transit trade between Russia in Europe on the one side and Persia and Transcaspia on the other. It also exports oil from Grozni to the Volga. All the Caspian Sea steamship companies call at Petrovsk regularly.

(*b*) *Shipping Lines*

505 (i) *Russian.*—The Russian Steam Navigation and [477] Trading Co. had almost a monopoly of the Black Sea shipping services, and, under a contract due to expire in 1928, received an annual subsidy of £98,000 from the State. It had piers at the ports of Batum and